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## **Technical Data Sheet**

Properties:	<ul> <li>AKEPOX<sup>®</sup> 2040 is a paste-like, solvent-free, two-component adhesive based on an epoxy resin containing fillers and a modified polyamine hardener. The product characterized by the following properties:</li> <li>extremely low shrinkage during the hardening process and therefore low tensions in the bonding layer</li> <li>extremely weather-resistant bondings</li> <li>good thermal stability: approx. 60 - 70°C for bonded parts exposed to weight, approx. 100 - 110°C for bonded parts not exposed to weight, approx. 100 - 110°C for bonded parts not exposed to weight.</li> <li>good dimensional stability of the bonding layer</li> <li>small tendency to fatigue</li> <li>very good alkali-stability, thus the adhesive is very well suited to bond concrete</li> <li>excellently suited for bonding gas-impermeable materials as it is a solvent-free product</li> <li>good adhesion on slightly humid stones</li> <li>suited for bonding materials which are sensitive to solvents (e.g. expanded polystyrene, ABS)</li> <li>the product is not liable to crystallize, therefore no problems in storing and processing</li> </ul>
Application Area:	AKEPOX <sup>®</sup> 2040 is mainly used in the stone processing industry for bonding of natural stone (marble, granite), artificial stone or building material (concrete, terrazzo) and steel. Due to its paste-like consistency the product is very stable in a vertical position and is suitable for filling holes or modelling corners or edges. In addition surfaces which are relatively uneven can thus be connected and facade coverings or railings can be anchored. Other materials s. a. plastics (rigid PVC, polyester, polystyrene, ABS, polycarbonate), paper, wood and glass can be bonded. Metal parts coated with AKEPOX <sup>®</sup> 2040 are very well protected against corrosion. Materials s.a. polyolefine (polyethylene, polypropylene), silicone, fluorohydrocarbons (Teflon), flexible PVC, flexible PU, butyl rubber and metal cannot be bonded with AKEPOX <sup>®</sup> 2040.
Instructions for Use:	<ol> <li>Thoroughly clean and slightly roughen surfaces to be bonded.</li> <li>Two parts by weight or volume of Component A are to be thoroughly mixed with one part by weight or volume of Component B until a homogeneous shade of colour is achieved.</li> <li>AKEPOX<sup>®</sup> colouring pastes or colouring tints can be used for colouring if required (max. 5%).</li> <li>The mixture remains workable for approx. 45 - 55 minutes (20°C). After 6 - 8 hours (20°C) the bonded parts may be moved, after 12 - 16 hours (20°C) approx. they may be further processed. Max. stability after 7 days (20°C).</li> <li>Tools can be cleaned with AKEMI<sup>®</sup> Universal Dilution.</li> <li>Warmth accelerates and cold retards the hardening process.</li> <li>Empty the container fully before disposing of it.</li> </ol>
Special Notes:	<ul> <li>Suitable for bonding of load-bearing construction parts, however, the relevant standards such as DIN 18516 part 1 and part 3 or DIN 2304 must be observed during application</li> <li>Metallic surfaces should be ground in a short interval before bonding to avoid a decrease in adhesion.</li> </ul>



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	<ul> <li>The optimal mechanical and chemical properties can only be attained by adhering to the exact mixing proportions; excess adhesive or hardener has the effect of a plasticizer.</li> <li>Use AKEMI<sup>®</sup> Liquid Glove to protect your hands.</li> <li>Use separate vessels when component A and B are being extracted from their containers.</li> <li>The resin is no longer to be used if it has already thickened or is jellying.</li> <li>The product is not to be used at temperatures below 10°C because it will not sufficiently harden.</li> <li>The hardened adhesive tends to yellowing when exposed to sunlight and is therefore not suited for fillings or visibly bonded joints on light-coloured or white surfaces.</li> <li>The hardened resin can no longer be removed by means of solvents. This can only be achieved mechanically or by applying higher temperatures (&gt; 200°C).</li> <li>If the resin has been correctly worked it presents no hazard to health when the hardening process is completed.</li> </ul>		
Technical Data:	<ol> <li>Colour:</li> <li>Density:</li> <li>Working time:         <ul> <li>a) mixture of 100 g component A + 50 g of component B:</li> <li>b) at 20°C and varying amounts:                 20 g comp. A + 10 g comp. B:                 50 g comp. A + 25 g comp. B:                 100 g comp. A + 50 g comp. B:                 300 g comp. A + 150 g comp. B:                       4. Hardening process (shore D-</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	comp. A: grey-white comp. B: khaki-grey comp. A: approx. $1.71 \text{ g/cm}^3$ comp. B: approx. $1.72 \text{ g/cm}^3$ at 10°C: 110 - 120 minutes at 20°C: 45 - 55 minutes at 30°C: 20 - 30 minutes at 40°C: 10 - 20 minutes 60 - 70  minutes 50 - 60  minutes 45 - 55  minutes 40 - 50  minutes	
	<ul> <li>4. Hardening process (shore b<sup>2</sup> hardness) of a 2 mm layer at 20°C:</li> <li><u>3 hrs</u> <u>4 hrs</u> <u>5 hrs</u> <u>6 hrs</u> <u>7 hrs</u>  <u>35</u> <u>38</u> <u>55</u> <u>66</u></li> <li>5. Mechanical properties: Bending strength DIN 53452: Tensile strength DIN 53455: E-module:</li> <li>6. Chemical resistance: Water absorption DIN 53495: Sodium chloride solution 10%: Salt water: Ammonium 10%: Soda lye 10%: Hydrochloric acid 10%: Acetic acid 10%:</li> </ul>	$\frac{8 \text{ hrs}}{73} \frac{24 \text{ hrs}}{80}$ $40 - 50 \text{ N/mm}^2$ $20 - 30 \text{ N/mm}^2$ $8500 - 9000 \text{ N/mm}^2$ $< 0.5\%$ stable stable stable stable stable stable conditionally stable	



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	Formic acid 10%: Petrol: Diesel oil: Lubricating oil:	conditionally stable stable stable stable
Storage:	If stored in dry and cool condition (5-25°C/41-77°F) in its closed original container at least 24 months from production.	
Health & Safety:	Read Safety Data Sheet before handling or using this product.	
Important Notice:	The above information is based on the latest stage of development and application technology. Due to a multiplicity of different influencing factors, this information – as well as other oral or written technical advises – must be considered as non-binding hints. The user is obliged in each particular case to conduct performance tests, including but not limited to trails of the product, in an inconspicuous area or fabrication of a sample piece.	